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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|--|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/581,447 | 04/12/2007 | Christian Funke | 2400/0450000/VLC | 2172 |
| 26111 7590 07/06/2009 STERNE, KESSLER, GOLDSTEIN & FOX P.L.L.C. 1100 NEW YORK AVENUE, N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20005 | | | EXAMINER | |
| | | | MAEWALL, SNIGDHA | |
| WASHINGTON, DC 20003 | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | | | 1612 | |
| | | | | |
| | | | MAIL DATE | DELIVERY MODE |
| | | | 07/06/2009 | PAPER |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| | 10/581,447 | FUNKE ET AL. | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | |
| | Snigdha Maewall | 1612 | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply | ears on the cover sheet with the c | orrespondence address | | | |
| | / IO OFT TO EVEIDE & MONTH! | O) OD THIDTY (OO) BAYO | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period value or Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE | N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | |
| Status | | | | | |
| 1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>31 M</u> | arch 2009. | | | | |
| | action is non-final. | | | | |
| 3)☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is | | | | | |
| closed in accordance with the practice under E | x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45 | 53 O.G. 213. | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | |
| 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>12-16</u> is/are pending in the application. | | | | | |
| 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>1-11,15 and 16</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration. | | | | | |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | | | |
| 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>12-14</u> is/are rejected. | | | | | |
| 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | | | | |
| 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | r election requirement. | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | |
| 9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine | r. | | | | |
| 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). | | | | | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct | | , , | | | |
| 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex | aminer. Note the attached Office | Action or form PTO-152. | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). | | | | | |
| a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: | | | | | |
| 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. | | | | | |
| 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No | | | | | |
| 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | | | | | |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a list | | d | | | |
| Goo the attached dotalica chief action for a list | or the doraned dopled flot receive | u. | | | |
| Attachment(s) | | | | | |
| Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) Interview Summary | (PTO-413) | | | |
| 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Da | nte | | | |
| Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date | 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other: | atent Application | | | |

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Art Unit: 1612

DETAILED ACTION

 Receipt of Applicants arguments/Remarks and amended claims filed on 03/31/09 have been acknowledged.

Applicant had elected a composition with specific insecticide flonicamid from group 2 (2-6) and an anthranilamide of formula II (II-1) to be prosecuted.

Claims 15-16 do not read on the original elected species and thus are excluded from prosecution as being not elected by original presentation.

Primicarb was not elected by original presentation; as such the claims drawn to Primicarb are not included in prosecution.

New claims **12-14** are under prosecution based on the originally elected species to be prosecuted.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 12-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lahm et al (WO 03/015518 A1).

Applicants claim a synergistically effective composition containing a compound (I-a-4) of formula I or flonicamid (2-6) of group II and compound (II-1-4) of formula II.

Lahm et al teach a method for controlling particular insect pests by applying their anthranilamide compounds. They also teach use of one or more other biologically active compounds or agents including insecticides, fungicides etc. including *flonicamid* (Page 96, lines 23-25 and 37).

The reference teaches anthranilamide derivative of following formula in their example 11 (Page 42, lines 18-20).

EXAMPLE 11

Preparation of 3-Bromo-N-[4-chloro-2-methyl-6-[(methylamino)carbonyl]phenyl]-1-(3-chloro-2-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-carboxamide

Corresponds to following structure

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Lahm et al disclose use of one or more other biologically active compounds or agents including insecticides, fungicides etc. including *flonicamid* (Page 96, lines 23-25 and 37) of the following structure in their composition containing anthranilamide derivatives.

The reference teaches use of their compounds as a formulation or composition containing active ingredients 5-90 weight percent granules, tablets and powders. The reference does not specifically teach the ratio of individual active ingredient, it will be at least a ratio of 1:1 (Page 89, line 18) and this includes compound of group 2 and anthranilamide of formula II ratio from 500:1 to 1:50 as claimed by instant claim 13. The reference teaches suitable carrier comprising a solid diluent or surfactant (Page 89, lines 1-3). The reference thus teaches use of composition containing anthranilamide derivatives, insecticide and a surfactant.

The specific combination of features claimed is disclosed within the broad generic ranges taught by the reference but such "picking and choosing" within several variables does not necessarily give rise to anticipation. Corning Glass Works v. Sumitomo Elec., 868 F.2d 1251, 1262 (Fed. Circ. 1989). Where, as here, the reference does not provide any motivation to select this specific combination of variables (various insecticidal active compounds such as buprofezin, flonicamid and primicarb), anticipation cannot be found.

That being said, however, it must be remembered that "[w]hen a patent simply arranges old elements with each performing the same function it had been known to perform and yields no more than one would expect from such an

arrangement, the combination is obvious". KSR v. Teleflex, 127 S,Ct. 1727, 1740 (2007)(quoting Sakraida v. A.G. Pro, 425 U.S. 273, 282 (1976)). "[W]hen the question is whether a patent claiming the combination of elements of prior art is obvious", the relevant question is "whether the improvement is more than the predictable use of prior art elements according to their established functions." (Id.). Addressing the issue of obviousness, the Supreme Court noted that the analysis under 35 USC 103 "need not seek out precise teachings directed to the specific subject matter of the challenged claim, for a court can take account of the inferences and creative steps that a person of ordinary skill in the art would employ." KSR v. Teleflex, 127 S.Ct. 1727, 1741 (2007). The Court emphasized that "[a] person of ordinary skill is... a person of ordinary creativity, not an automaton." Id. at 1742.

Consistent with this reasoning, it would have obvious to have selected various combinations of various disclosed ingredients (various insecticidal active compounds such as buprofezin, flonicamid and primicarb) from within a prior art disclosure, to arrive compositions "yielding no more than one would expect from such an arrangement".

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 12-14 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Snigdha Maewall whose telephone number is (571)-272-6197. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday; 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Frederick Krass can be reached on (571) 272-0580. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-0580.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Snigdha Maewall/

Examiner, Art Unit 1612

/Gollamudi S Kishore/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1612